

We first expand using the Binomial Theorem.

$$\begin{aligned} H(x) &= (x+x^{-1})^3 = 3x^3+3x^2x^{-1}+3x(x^{-1})^2+(x^{-1})^3 = x^3+3x+3x^{-1}+x^{-3} \\ \Rightarrow H'(x) &= 3x^2+3(1)+3(-1x^{-2})+(-3x^{-4}) = 3x^2+3-3x^{-2}-3x^{-4} \end{aligned}$$