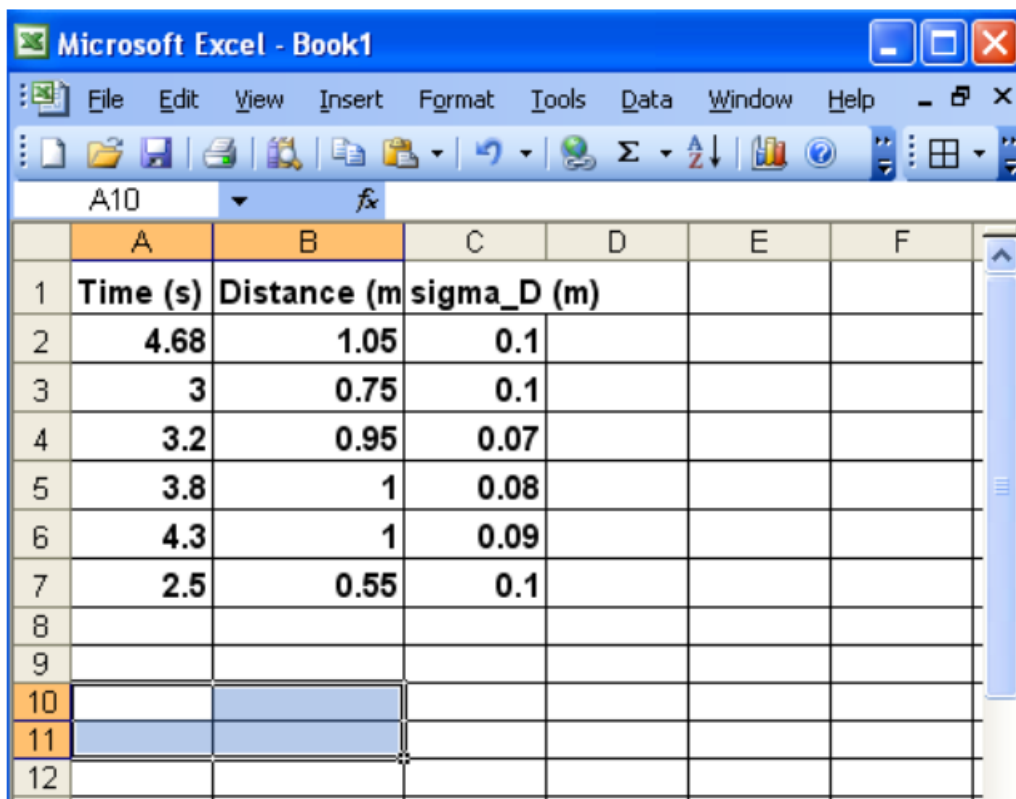


Appendix J: Using the Linest Function in Excel

The linest function in Excel is used to find the uncertainties in the slope and y -intercept of a straight line that best fits your data. To use the linest function, follow the steps below.

- 1 After you enter the necessary data, highlight a two by two box of cells (see Fig. 1 below).



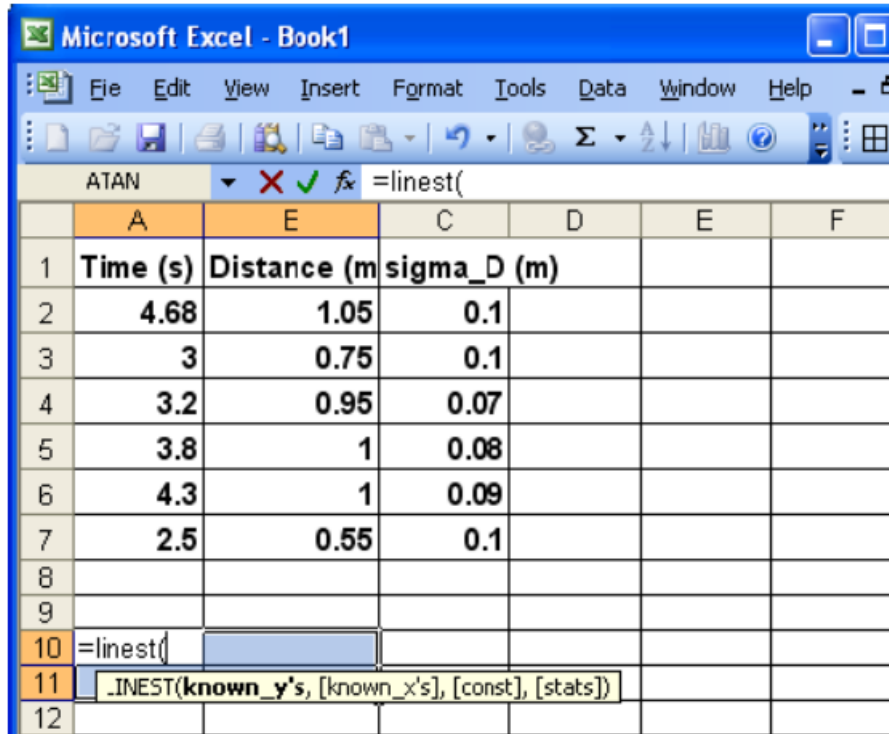
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Excel interface with a spreadsheet containing the following data:

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Time (s)	Distance (m)	sigma_D (m)			
2	4.68	1.05	0.1			
3	3	0.75	0.1			
4	3.2	0.95	0.07			
5	3.8	1	0.08			
6	4.3	1	0.09			
7	2.5	0.55	0.1			
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						

The cells A10, B10, A11, and B11 are highlighted in blue, indicating a 2x2 selection.

Figure 1: Highlighting a 2 by 2 box of cells

- 2 Type =linest(. A help box is displayed as shown in Fig. 2 below.



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

	A	E	C	D	E	F
1	Time (s)	Distance (m)	sigma_D (m)			
2	4.68	1.05	0.1			
3	3	0.75	0.1			
4	3.2	0.95	0.07			
5	3.8	1	0.08			
6	4.3	1	0.09			
7	2.5	0.55	0.1			
8						
9						
10	=linest(
11	_INEST(known_y's , [known_x's], [const], [stats])					
12						

Figure 2: Linest function

3 Input the necessary arguments into this two by two box in the following order (see Fig. 3).

- Highlight the y values.
- Type ,.
- Highlight the x values.
- Type ,1,1).

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Time (s)	Distance (m)	sigma_D (m)			
2	4.68	1.05	0.1			
3	3	0.75	0.1			
4	3.2	0.95	0.07			
5	3.8	1	0.08			
6	4.3	1	0.09			
7	2.5	0.55	0.1			
8						
9						
10	=linest(B2:B7,A2:A7,1,1)					
11						
12						

Figure 3: Input for the linest function

- 4 Press **CTRL+SHIFT+ENTER**. The four numbers are displayed as shown in Fig. 4.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Time (s)	Distance (m)	sigma_D (m)					
2	4.68	1.05	0.1					
3	3	0.75	0.1					
4	3.2	0.95	0.07					
5	3.8	1	0.08					
6	4.3	1	0.09					
7	2.5	0.55	0.1					
8								
9	slope	intercept						
10	0.2059	0.14621301						
11	0.05615	0.20542713						
12								

Figure 4: Four numbers generated by the linest function

Notice that cells A10 and A11 display the slope and its uncertainty, while cells B10 and B11 display the intercept and its uncertainty. Although Excel gives the uncertainties in the slope and intercept to several digits, recall that uncertainties should always be reported to one significant digit.

The slope and intercept given by the Linest function is the same as that found from the equation to the trendline (see Fig. 5 below). However, the latter does not display the uncertainties associated with the slope and intercept.

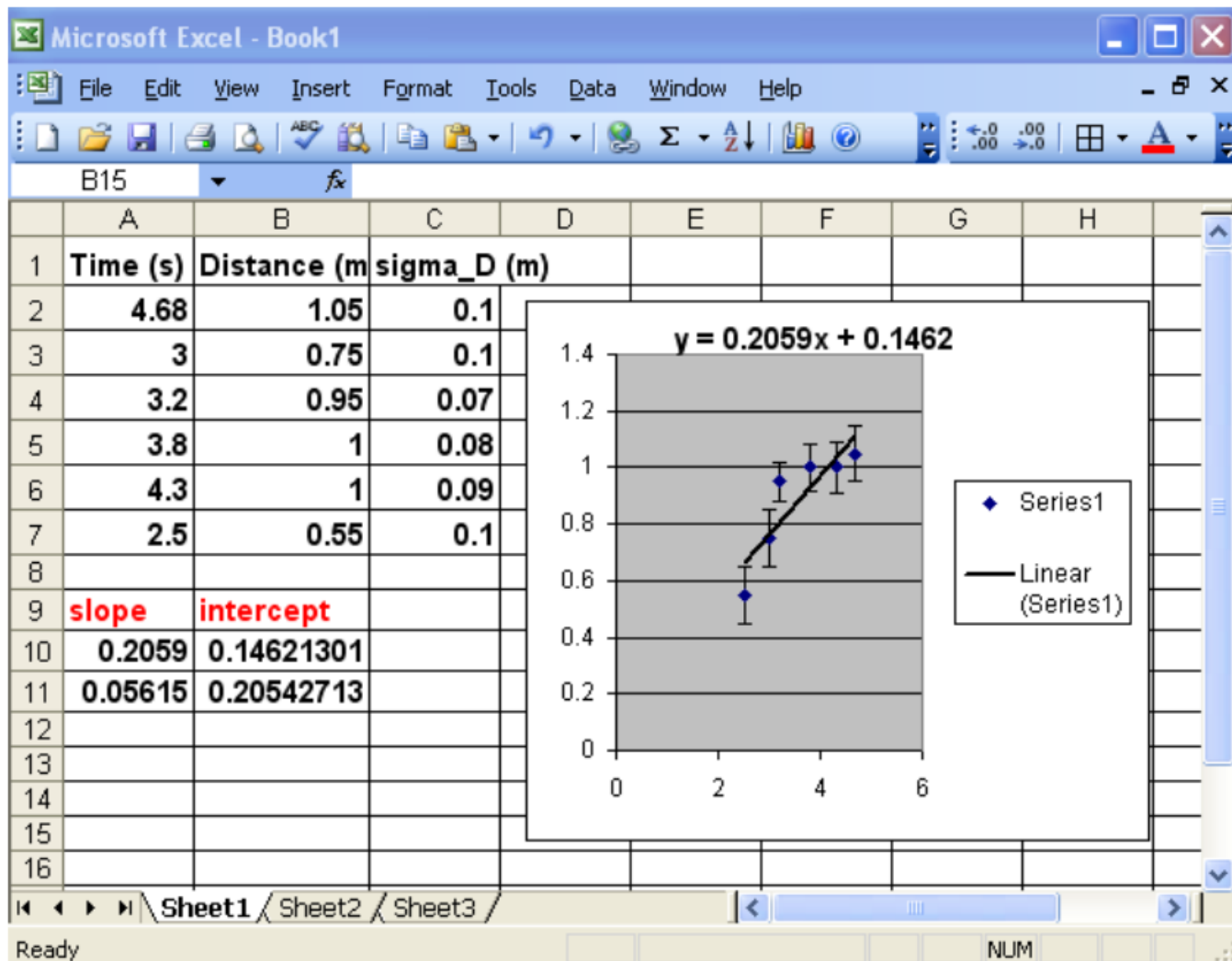


Figure 5: Comparing outputs from linest and trendline equation