Solution $\#$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Volume} \\ \text{of} \\ 0.100 \ M \\ \text{Fe}^{3+} \\ (\text{mL}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Volume} & \ { m of} \ 5.00{ m E}^{-4}~M \ { m SCN}^- \ ({ m mL}) \end{array}$	Volume of Water (mL)	Total Volume (mL)	[FeSCN ²⁺]	Absorbance at 470 nm
Blank	1.00	0.00	5.00	6.00		
1	1.00	1.00	4.00	6.00		
2	1.00	1.50	3.50	6.00		
3	1.00	2.00	3.00	6.00		
4	1.00	2.50	2.50	6.00		
5	1.00	3.00	2.00	6.00		

Beer's Law Calibration Curve

The FeSCN²⁺ concentration at equilibrium is calculated for each solution by assuming all SCN⁻ reacts, which is valid if the Fe³⁺ is in large excess. Show the calculation of SCN⁻ from dilution.

Linear regression equation for absorbance vs. concentration:

Correlation coefficient and reason for discarding data: